We claim:

- 1. A method, comprising:
- a) illuminating a forensic sample with light of a first wavelength λ_1 ; then
- b) imaging a first image of the forensic sample using the light emitted from the sample at a second wavelength λ_2 ; then
- c) imaging a second image of the forensic sample using the light emitted from the sample at a third wavelength λ_3 different from λ_2 ; then
- c) creating a calculated image of the forensic sample from the first image and the second image.
- 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising correcting the calculated image using signals extracted from at least one of the first and second images, the signal extracted from a subset of pixels from at least one of the first and second image pixels.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the subset of at least one of the first and second image pixels is a subset chosen outside an area of interest of the at least one of the first and second images.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the correcting of the calculated image comprises subtracting a background signal provided by light of a wavelength λ from outside an area of interest from the image formed by light of wavelength λ_3 and λ_2 , where λ is λ_3 or λ_2 or another wavelength.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the forensic sample is an object carrying a suspected fingerprint.
- 6. The method of claim 5, further comprising correcting the calculated image using signals extracted from at least one of the first and second images, the signal extracted from a subset of pixels from at least one of the first and second images.

- 7. The method of claim 6, wherein the subset of at least one of the first and second image pixels is a subset chosen outside the area of the suspected fingerprint.
- 8. The method of claim 7, wherein the correcting of the calculated image comprises subtracting a background signal provided by light of a wavelength λ from outside the area of the suspected fingerprint from the image formed by light of wavelength λ_3 and λ_2 , where λ is λ_3 or λ_2 or another wavelength.
- 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the forensic sample is an object carrying ink.
- 10. The method of claim 9, further comprising correcting the calculated image using signals extracted from at least one of the first and second images, the signal extracted from a subset of pixels from at least one of the first and second images.
- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the subset of at least one of the first and second image pixels is a subset chosen outside the area of the ink.
- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the correcting of the calculated image comprises subtracting a background signal provided by light of a wavelength λ from outside the area of ink from the images formed by light of wavelength λ_3 and λ_2 , where λ is λ_3 or λ_2 or another wavelength.
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the forensic sample is an object carrying suspected gunshot residue.
- 14. The method of claim 13, further comprising correcting the calculated image using signals extracted from at least one of the first and second images, the signal extracted from a subset of pixels from at least one of the first and second images.
- 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the subset of at least one of the first and second image pixels is a subset chosen outside the area of interest of the suspected gunshot reside.

- 16. The method of claim 15, wherein the correcting of the calculated image comprises subtracting a background signal provided by light of a wavelength λ from outside the area of the suspected gunshot residue from the images formed by light of wavelength λ_3 and λ_2 , where λ is λ_3 or λ_2 or another wavelength.
- 17. The method of claim 1, wherein the forensic sample is an object carrying a suspected condom lubricant.
- 18. The method of claim 17, further comprising correcting the calculated image using signals extracted from at least one of the first and second images, the signal extracted from a subset of pixels from at least one of the first and second images.
- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the subset of at least one of the first and second image pixels is a subset chosen outside the area of the suspect condom lubricant.
- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the correcting of the calculated image comprises subtracting a background signal provided by light of a wavelength λ from outside the area of the suspected condom lubricant from the images formed by light of wavelength λ_3 and λ_2 , where λ is λ_3 or λ_2 or another wavelength.
- 21. The method of claim 1, wherein the forensic sample is a multilayer paint chip.
- 22. The method of claim 21, further comprising correcting the calculated image using signals extracted from at least one of the first and second images, the signal extracted from a subset of pixels from at least one of the first and second images.
- 23. The method of claim 22, wherein the subset of at least one of the first and second image pixels is a subset chosen outside the area of interest in the multiplayer paint chip.
- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the correcting of the calculated image comprises subtracting a background signal provided by light of a wavelength λ from outside the

- area of interest from the image formed by light of wavelength λ_3 and λ_2 , where λ is λ_3 or λ_2 or another wavelength.
- 25. The method of claim 1, wherein the forensic sample is a fiber.
- 26. The method of claim 25, further comprising correcting the calculated image using signals extracted from at least one of the first and second images, the signal extracted from a subset of pixels from at least one of the first and second images.
- 27. The method of claim 26, wherein the subset of at least one of the first and second image pixels is a subset chosen outside the area of interest of the fiber.
- 28. The method of claim 27, wherein the correcting of the calculated image comprises subtracting a background signal provided by light of a wavelength λ from outside the area of the fiber from the images formed by light of wavelength λ_3 and λ_2 , where λ is λ_3 or λ_2 or another wavelength.
- 29. The method of claim 1, wherein the forensic sample is a thin layer chromatography plate.
- 30. The method of claim 29, further comprising correcting the calculated image using signals extracted from at least one of the first and second images, the signal extracted from a subset of pixels from at least one of the first and second images.
- 31. The method of claim 30, wherein the subset of at least one of the first and second image pixels is a subset chosen outside the area of interest on the thin layer chromatography plate ..

32. The method of claim 31, wherein the correcting of the calculated image comprises subtracting a background signal provided by light of a wavelength λ from outside the area of interest from the images formed by light of wavelength λ_3 and λ_2 , where λ is λ_3 or λ_2 or another wavelength.